

FACTORS AFFECTING TOUCH-UP OF LATEX PAINTS

Noticeable Appearance Differences
When Paint is Spot-applied to a Previously Done Job

A. How the Appearance Can Differ

1. **Color:** the hue of the subsequently applied paint may be lighter or darker
2. **Sheen:** sheen or gloss development can be different; the touched up area may be higher in sheen than the surrounding area, though it can be vice versa
3. **Profile:** touch-up can be noticeable depending on how much the re-applied paint is built up above the original paint, as opposed to being flush and even

B. Variables that Can Cause or Contribute to Touch-up Problems

1. **Application at different temperatures:** touching up at significantly higher or lower temperature vs. that of the original painting may make a difference
2. Use of **different methods of application** (e.g., using a brush to touch up paint that was sprayed on)
3. Application over **surfaces of differing porosity**; for example, applying a satin paint to unprimed (porous) wallboard will result in a lower sheen than will develop with the same paint applied to itself when touching up
4. Inadequate **color acceptance** (i.e., sub-standard compatibility between tinting color and the paint): the paint may develop a slightly darker color depending on shear stress applied to the paint by the act of applying it;
Shear from spraying > shear from brushing > shear from rolling
5. **Higher sheen** paints (eggshell, satin) tend to show (sheen differences) more than flats, with touch-up

C. Tips for Avoiding Touch-up Problems

1. Apply an **appropriate primer** before painting
2. Be sure the paint has been **tinted properly** (appropriate tinting base/colorant type/colorant level per gallon)
3. Some painters find it helpful to immediately **backroll after spraying**, to purposely make a less uniform surface that touches up well with careful rolling
4. Touch-up at **within about 5° F** of the original application temperature
5. Do the touch-up in a **thin application**; a foam brush can be helpful for this, especially if the surface was originally sprayed; slight dilution of the touch-up paint may be helpful.; never force-dry the touch-up